SCHOONER BAY CONDOMINIUM ASSOCIATION INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

THOMAS E. SINGLETON CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT 5077 COTTON VALLEY CHRISTIANSTED, VI 00820 340-692-2792

Board of Directors Schooner Bay Condominium Association St. Croix, United States Virgin Islands

### Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Schooner Bay Condominium Association (the Association), which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2019, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balance and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association as of December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Association and to meet my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

## **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Association's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for

one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that I identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplemental Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Information on Future Major Repairs and Replacements on page 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to this required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

ME to

August 27, 2022

## Schooner Bay Condominium Association Balance Sheet December 31, 2019

	0	perating	Reserve	
		Fund	Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Cash				
Cash checking	\$	115,832	\$ -	\$ 115,832
Cash savings and CDs		35	943,892	943,892
Total Cash	120	115,832	943,892	1,059,724
Other Current Assets				
Accounts Receivable unit owners net		41,849		41,849
Investments		1.5	480,000	480,000
Other receivables		5,543	4	5,543
Prepaid expenses		94,899	-	94,899
Total Other Current Assets		142,291	480,000	622,291
Fixed Assets				
Equipment		71,926	-	71,926
Buildings and improvements		472,646	-	472,646
Less, Accumulated Depreciation		(446,118)		(446,118)
Sub total	1000	98,454		98,454
Work in progress		206,915		206,915
Land		297,127	-	297,127
Total Fixed Assets		602,496	-	602,496
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	860,619	\$ 1,423,892	\$ 2,284,511
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	14,856	\$	\$ 14,856
Other liabilities		40,657		40,657
Deferred Income		e	1,170,886	1,170,886
Total Current Liabilities		55,513	1,170,886	1,226,399
Fund Balance				
Fund Balance		805,106	253,006	1,058,112
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	860,619	\$ 1,423,892	\$ 2,284,511

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Schooner Bay Condominium Association Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ending December 31, 2019

	0	perating Fund	F	Reserve Fund	Total
REVENUES	5				
Common Charges	\$	359,467	\$	-	\$ 359,467
Insurance Charges to Owners		235,968		3	235,968
Owner Late Fees		4,856		-	4,856
Water Meter Billings		90,605		200	90,605
Internet		30,580			30,580
Insurance Proceeds		19 - C		79,074	79,074
Other Income		18,979		240	18,979
Capital Repair Fund		99,117		200	99,117
TOTAL REVENUES		839,572		79,074	918,646
EXPENSES					
Ordinary repairs and maintenance		60,782		-	60,782
Utilities		101,723		-	101,723
Security		46,048		5 <b>H</b> )	46,048
Insurance		244,016			244,016
Salaries and payroll taxes		278,198			278,198
Professional fees		24,554		( <del>)</del>	24,554
Office, admin and other expenses		29,716		3 <del>4</del>	29,716
Depreciation		37,401			37,401
Bad DebtExpense		33,054		3 <del>9</del> 0	33,054
Hurricane Rebuild				79,074	79,074
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u></u>	855,492		79,074	 934,566
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES		(15,920)		~	(15,920)
Interfund transfers		215,874		(215,874)	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES		605,152		468,880	1,074,032
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$	805,106	\$	253,006	\$ 1,058,112

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Schooner Bay Condominium Association Statement of Cash flows Year Ending December 31, 2019

	0	perating Fund	Reserve Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIONS				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	\$	(15,920)	\$-	\$ (15,920)
Adjustments to reconcile excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses to net cash provided (used) by operating activities				
Depreciation		37,401		37,401
Interfund transfers, net		215,874	(215,874)	-
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable		19,742		19,742
Other receivables		(3,768)		(3,768)
Prepaid expenses		(14,837)	10	(14,837)
(Decrease) increase in:				
Other liabilities		21,485		21,485
Deferred income			(79,074)	(79,074)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(29,859)	79.	(29,859)
Net Cash Provided by Operations		230,118	(294,948)	(64,830)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Increase in investments		5	(480,000)	(480,000)
Purchase of fixed assets		(221,609)	-	(221,609)
Net Cash (Used) by investing activities	,	(221,609)	(480,000)	(701,609)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		8,509	(774,948)	(766,439)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	107,323	1,718,840	1,826,163
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$	115,832	\$ 943,892	\$ 1,059,724

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## SCHOONER BAY CONDOMINIUM ASSOCIATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE 1 - Nature of Organization

Schooner Bay Condominium Association and Schooner Bay Recreation Association are incorporated homeowners associations (collectively SBA) which are responsible for maintaining the common areas of 62 condominium units housed in seven buildings, the recreation facilities, and nine acres of grounds, located in Christiansted, St. Croix, US Virgin Islands. SBA is governed by a five-member board of directors elected by the unit owners.

NOTE 2 – Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Fund Accounting</u> – SBA maintains its accounts using fund accounting on the accrual method. Financial resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes in the following funds:

Operating Fund – Accounts for resources available for general operations.

Capital Repair Fund – Accounts for resources designated for future major repairs.

<u>Restricted Cash</u> – The Association maintains accounts at their bank and an investment firm as reserved cash and investment funds to use for major repairs and long-term replacements, or for emergency purposes. These funds are not used for operational purposes. As of December 31, 2019, these accounts totaled \$943,892.

<u>Assessments –</u> Members are assessed by SBA for common area charges, insurance and the Capital Repair Fund to provide funds for operating expenses, and future major repairs and replacements.

<u>Property and Equipment</u> – SBA capitalizes all property and equipment which it owns. These assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 5 – 7 years. SBA also capitalizes all major repairs and replacements made from the Capital Repair Fund. These items are depreciated over estimated useful lives of 3 – 15 years.

<u>Use of Estimates – The</u> preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand (if any), checking account cash in banks and time deposit accounts.

#### NOTE 3 - Risk Management

SBA is exposed to various risks of loss related to damage, destruction of assets, theft, errors and omissions and natural disasters. SBA carries commercial property insurance based on an annual appraisal of the property for windstorm and other perils. Other policies cover general liability, theft, crime, non owned automobiles (covering employee use of personal vehicles on SBA business) and directors and officers liability. All insurance is reviewed by a Risk Management Committee which consists of three unit owners and an independent outside insurance consultant.

Each year prior to purchasing renewal property insurance, Schooner Bay obtains an update to its replacement cost appraisal of the cost to rebuild all the buildings. This is in order to insure that the amount of insurance that is secured is adequate. The Risk Management Committee then uses the updated appraisal to get quotes for insurance from various carriers. The property insurance coverage is placed on a replacement cost basis (RCV). Having the updated RCV appraisal from a qualified appraiser enables the Association to obtain an "agreed value" endorsement to the policy, which prevents any possible issues at the time of a loss that the amount of insurance is understated and could thus result in a coinsurance penalty.

Schooner Bay's 2019 2020 property insurance, based upon the updated replacement cost appraisal, is a total sum insured for all the property of \$11,203,827. The policy provides for a 3% deductible which for the 2019-2020 insurance year equals \$336,115.

#### NOTE 4 – Recreation Association

The swimming pools, tennis courts and related structures which are part of the complex are owned by the Schooner Bay Recreation Association, which is a non-stock corporation in which every owner in the Association has one vote. Schooner Bay Condominium Association has taken over responsibility for the operation and maintenance of these facilities.

#### NOTE 5 – Investments

Investments consist of mutual fund accounts stated at fair market value. These investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate and credit risks. \$500,000 of these investments are not covered by FDIC depository insurance up to \$250,000 per account but by SIPC insurance coverage. SIPC insurance covers losses of up to \$500,000 resulting from failures in the custody function of the broker dealer but not from declines in the value of the security. Fair market value is recorded using Level 1 valuation as defined below.

Level 1 - valuation is based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the Association can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 valuation is based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – valuation is based on unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the asset. Valuation at this level uses pricing models, discounted cash flow methods and significant judgment and estimation

NOTE 6 – Related Party Transactions

There were no related party transactions in 2019. A related party transaction is defined as a transaction between a party related to Schooner Bay, such as a director or officer, where that person receives compensation for services or goods provided to Schooner Bay.

#### NOTE 7 – Income Taxes

Condominium associations may elect to be taxed as regular corporations or as homeowners' associations. The election is made on an annual basis and will be made depending on which method results in the lowest tax liability. No provision has been made for income taxes since SBA expects to have no taxable income.

NOTE 8 – Concentration of Credit Risk

The Association maintains its cash balances and investment balances in high credit quality financial institutions. As of December 31, 2019, SBA's cash and investments were within the limits of the applicable FDIC or SIPC federal government insurance coverage.

NOTE 9 – Subsequent Events

The Association evaluated subsequent events for the period from January 1, 2020 to August 27, 2022 the date the financial statements were available for issue. Any subsequent events identified are disclosed in these financial statements.

NOTE 10 – Future Major Repairs and Replacements

The Association's governing documents requires the accumulation of funds to finance estimated future repairs and replacements. The Association has conducted a study to determine the remaining useful lives of the components of common property and estimates of the cost of major repairs and replacements that may be required in the future. Funds have been accumulated based on estimated future costs and actual expenditures may vary from those estimates and the variations may be material.

# Schooner Bay Condominium Association Required Supplemental Information Information on Future Major Repairs and Replacements December 31, 2019

The Association conducted a study in August, 2022 to estimate the remaining useful lives and replacement costs of common property. This study was done by management and the board of directors. These estimated costs are being separately funded by the Association.

Components	Estimated Remaining Useful Lives in Years	Estimated Current Replacement Costs		
Pool, surfaces, decks and Furniture	3 10	\$90,000		
Galleries, building exteriors and roofs	6	\$559,222		
Iron work on galleries	30	\$25,000		
Paving	5 20	\$15,000		

See independent auditor's report.